

THE FRAGILE FRAMEWORK

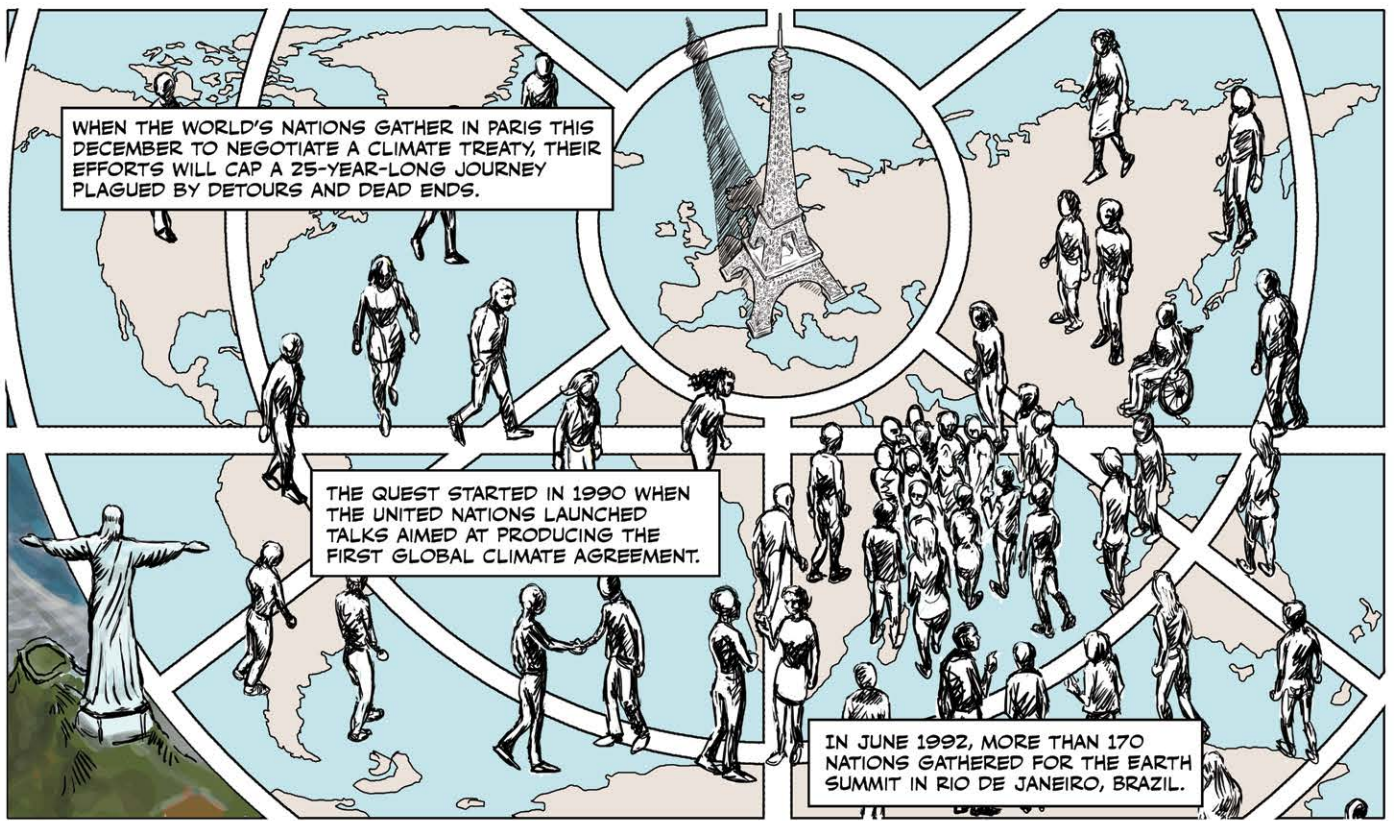
*Can nations unite to save
Earth's climate?*



A COMIC BY
RICHARD MONASTERSKY
AND **NICK SOUSANIS**



PARIS CLIMATE TALKS
A *Nature* special issue
nature.com/parisclimate



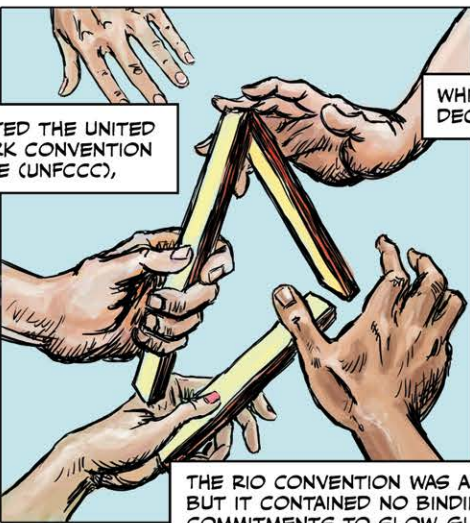
WHEN THE WORLD'S NATIONS GATHER IN PARIS THIS DECEMBER TO NEGOTIATE A CLIMATE TREATY, THEIR EFFORTS WILL CAP A 25-YEAR-LONG JOURNEY PLAGUED BY DETOURS AND DEAD ENDS.

THE QUEST STARTED IN 1990 WHEN THE UNITED NATIONS LAUNCHED TALKS AIMED AT PRODUCING THE FIRST GLOBAL CLIMATE AGREEMENT.

IN JUNE 1992, MORE THAN 170 NATIONS GATHERED FOR THE EARTH SUMMIT IN RIO DE JANEIRO, BRAZIL.



IN RIO, THEY ADOPTED THE UNITED NATIONS FRAMEWORK CONVENTION ON CLIMATE CHANGE (UNFCCC),



WHICH DECLARED:

empêche toute perturbation anthropique dangereuse du système climatique

气候系统受到危险的人为干扰

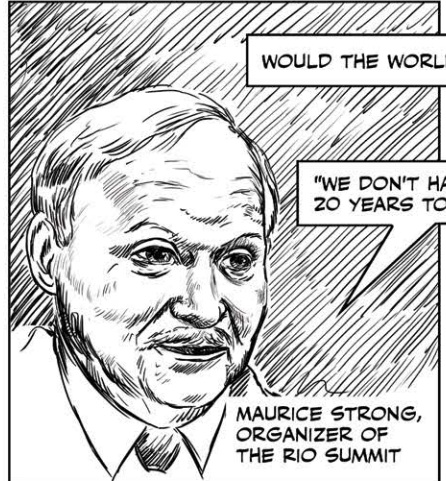
The ultimate objective of this Convention ... is to achieve ... stabilization of greenhouse gas concentrations in the atmosphere at a level that would prevent dangerous anthropogenic interference with the climate system.

не допускать бы опасного антропогенного воздействия на климатическую систему

الإنسان جانب من خطير تدخل دون يحول

impide interferencias peligrosas

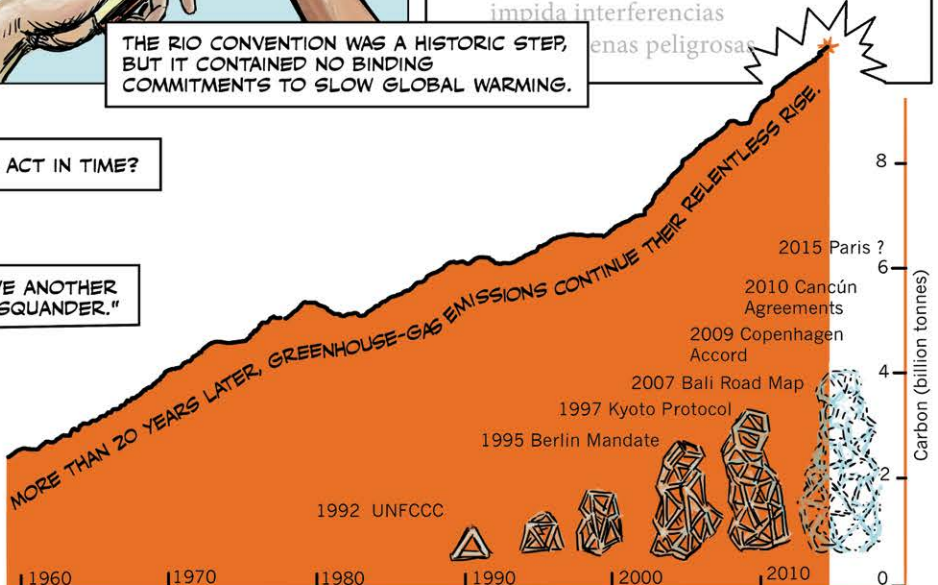
THE RIO CONVENTION WAS A HISTORIC STEP, BUT IT CONTAINED NO BINDING COMMITMENTS TO SLOW GLOBAL WARMING.

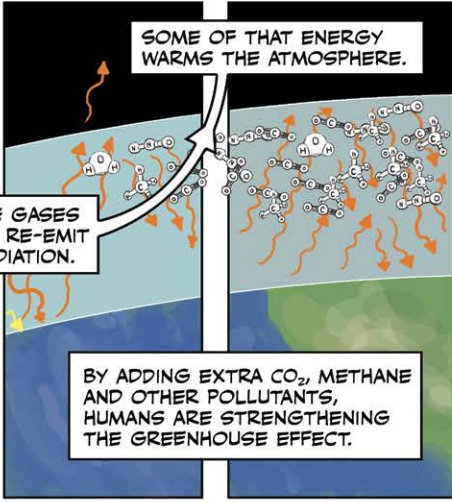
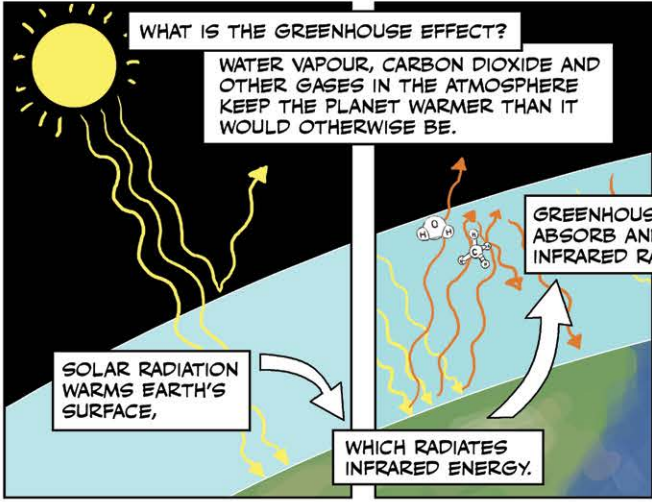


WOULD THE WORLD ACT IN TIME?

"WE DON'T HAVE ANOTHER 20 YEARS TO SQUANDER."

MAURICE STRONG, ORGANIZER OF THE RIO SUMMIT



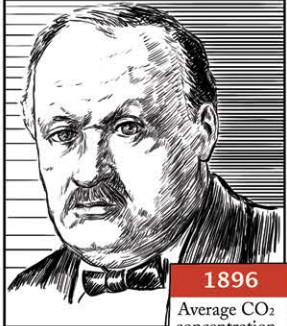


MARS: WEAK GREENHOUSE EFFECT, AVG TEMP -63 °C

EARTH: ENHANCED GREENHOUSE EFFECT, AVG TEMP 15 °C AND RISING

VENUS: EXTREME GREENHOUSE EFFECT, AVG TEMP 460 °C

IN 1896, THE SWEDISH SCIENTIST SVANTE ARRHENIUS CALCULATED HOW CHANGES IN THE AMOUNT OF CO₂ IN THE ATMOSPHERE COULD WARM OR COOL EARTH.



1896
Average CO₂ concentration 295 parts per million (p.p.m.)

THE LONDON, EDINBURGH, AND DUBLIN PHILOSOPHICAL MAGAZINE AND JOURNAL OF SCIENCE. APRIL 1896.

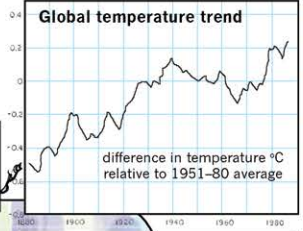
XXXI. On the Influence of Carbonic Acid in the Air upon the Temperature of the Ground. By Prof. Svante Arrhenius.

HE LATER SUGGESTED HUMANS WERE RAISING THE PLANET'S TEMPERATURE AND IT WOULD BECOME NOTICEABLE IN A FEW CENTURIES.

TABLE VII.—Variation of Temperature caused by a given Variation of Carbonic Acid.

Latitude	Carbonic Acid = 0.02%				Carbonic Acid = 0.5%				Carbonic Acid = 2.5%				Carbonic Acid = 5%			
	Temp.	Max.	Min.	Diff.	Temp.	Max.	Min.	Diff.	Temp.	Max.	Min.	Diff.	Temp.	Max.	Min.	Diff.
60° N.	-25	-30	-20	10	-20	-25	-15	10	-15	-20	-10	10	-10	-15	-5	10
50° N.	-15	-20	-10	10	-10	-15	-5	10	-5	-10	0	10	-5	-10	0	10
40° N.	-5	-10	0	10	0	-5	5	10	5	-5	5	10	5	-5	5	10
30° N.	5	0	10	15	10	5	15	20	15	5	15	20	15	5	15	20
20° N.	15	10	20	10	20	15	25	10	25	15	25	10	25	20	10	15
10° N.	25	20	30	10	30	25	35	10	35	25	35	10	35	30	20	10
0°	35	30	40	10	40	35	45	10	45	35	45	10	45	40	30	10
10° S.	35	30	40	10	40	35	45	10	45	35	45	10	45	40	30	10
20° S.	25	20	30	10	30	25	35	10	35	25	35	10	35	30	20	10
30° S.	15	10	20	10	20	15	25	10	25	15	25	10	25	20	10	10
40° S.	5	0	10	10	10	5	15	10	15	5	15	10	15	10	0	10
50° S.	-5	-10	0	10	0	-5	5	10	5	-5	5	10	5	-5	5	10
60° S.	-15	-20	-10	10	-10	-15	-5	10	-5	-10	0	10	-5	-10	0	10

THE CHANGES CAME MUCH FASTER THAN ARRHENIUS ANTICIPATED.



ON 23 JUNE 1988, NASA SCIENTIST JAMES HANSEN TOLD A US SENATE HEARING THAT HUMANS WERE HAVING A CLEAR IMPACT BY BURNING FOSSIL FUELS SUCH AS COAL, OIL AND NATURAL GAS.



"THE GREENHOUSE EFFECT HAS BEEN DETECTED, AND IT IS CHANGING OUR CLIMATE NOW."

IT WAS A WAKE-UP CALL TO THE WORLD.

1988
CO₂ 352 p.p.m.

THAT VERY DAY, THE TEMPERATURE IN WASHINGTON DC HIT A RECORD HIGH OF 98°F (37°C).

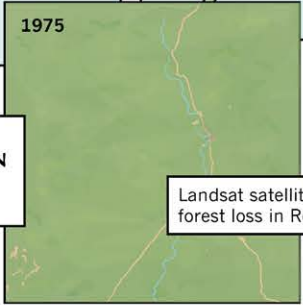
THE COUNTRY WAS SUFFERING ONE OF ITS WORST DROUGHTS EVER,

AND UNCONTROLLABLE FIRES RAGED IN YELLOWSTONE.

ON 22 DECEMBER 1988, THE AGASSINATION OF BRAZILIAN ACTIVIST CHICO MENDES DREW ATTENTION TO THE RAMPANT DESTRUCTION OF THE AMAZON FOREST.



FOSSIL FUELS ARE NOT THE ONLY CAUSE OF WARMING. DEFORESTATION ALSO CONTRIBUTES BY RELEASING THE CO₂ STORED IN TREES.

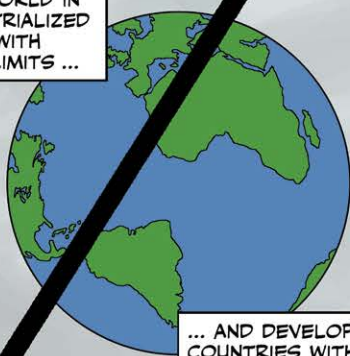


IN DECEMBER 1997, COUNTRIES GATHERED IN KYOTO, JAPAN, TO HASH OUT A NEW TREATY. BUT THEY COULDN'T AGREE ON HOW MUCH DEVELOPED NATIONS SHOULD TRIM THEIR EMISSIONS.



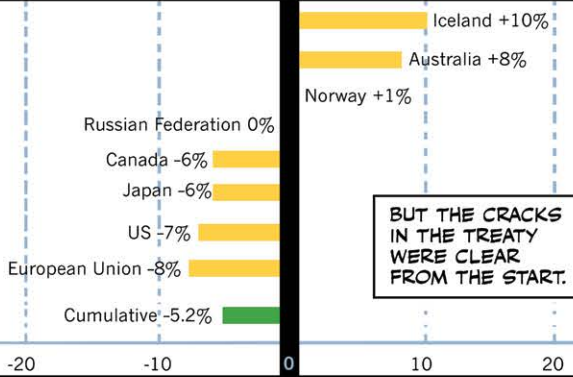
AFTER WORKING THROUGH THE FINAL NIGHT, NEGOTIATORS REACHED AN AGREEMENT CALLED THE KYOTO PROTOCOL. IT WAS THE FIRST TIME THAT COUNTRIES PROMISED TO REIN IN GREENHOUSE-GAS POLLUTION BY SPECIFIC AMOUNTS.

THE KYOTO PROTOCOL SPLIT THE WORLD IN TWO: INDUSTRIALIZED COUNTRIES WITH EMISSIONS LIMITS ...



THE PROTOCOL ALSO ALLOWED FOR FLEXIBILITY IN HOW COUNTRIES MET THEIR COMMITMENTS. DEVELOPED NATIONS COULD GET CREDIT FOR REDUCING EMISSIONS IN POORER ONES.

DEVELOPED COUNTRIES PROMISED TO CUT THEIR OVERALL EMISSIONS TO 5.2% BELOW 1990 LEVELS FOR THE PERIOD 2008-12. EACH COUNTRY HAD ITS OWN TARGET.



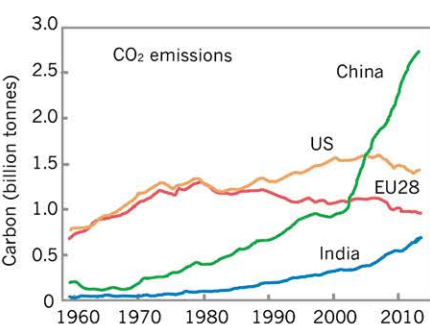
BUT THE CRACKS IN THE TREATY WERE CLEAR FROM THE START.

THE US REFUSED TO RATIFY THE PACT BECAUSE OF CONCERNS THAT ITS ECONOMY WOULD SUFFER WHILE DEVELOPING NATIONS INCREASED THEIR POLLUTION WITHOUT LIMITS.

IN 2001, US PRESIDENT GEORGE W. BUSH REJECTED THE AGREEMENT, SAYING "THE KYOTO PROTOCOL WAS FATALLY FLAWED IN FUNDAMENTAL WAYS."

1998
CO₂
367 p.p.m.

SOON, WORLD EVENTS MADE CLEAR HOW LIMITED THE PROTOCOL WAS. IN 2006, CHINA PASSED THE US TO BECOME THE WORLD'S LARGEST CARBON EMITTER.



CANADA FORMALLY WITHDREW FROM KYOTO IN 2011.

Planet Daily
2014 HOTTEST YEAR ON RECORD

Planet Daily
2010 HOTTEST YEAR ON RECORD

Planet Daily
2005 HOTTEST YEAR ON RECORD

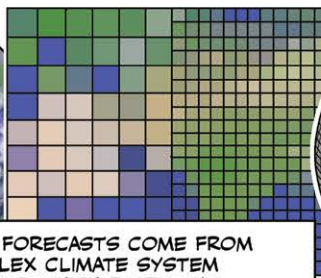
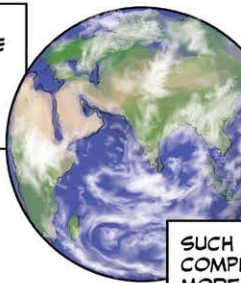
Planet Daily

1998 HOTTEST YEAR

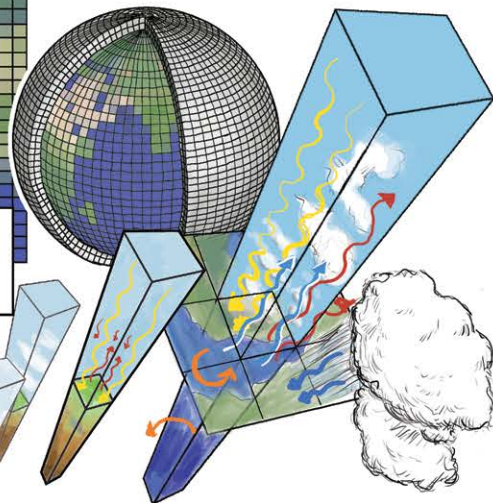
WASHINGTON — Earth was warmer in 1998 than in any other year on record, climate scientists reported Thursday. Studies of air and ocean temperatures by researchers in England and the United States both show that the average

MEANWHILE, GLOBAL TEMPERATURES CONTINUED TO SOAR. The average for the rest of the century, capping a general warming trend over the past few decades. Researchers blame the rising temperatures on greenhouse gases

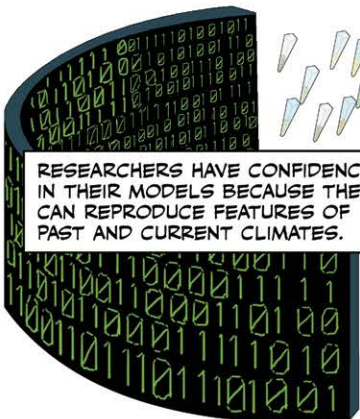
THROUGHOUT THE CLIMATE NEGOTIATIONS, SCIENTISTS HAVE TRIED TO SHOW WHAT KIND OF WORLD AWAITS FUTURE GENERATIONS IF GLOBAL WARMING CONTINUES.



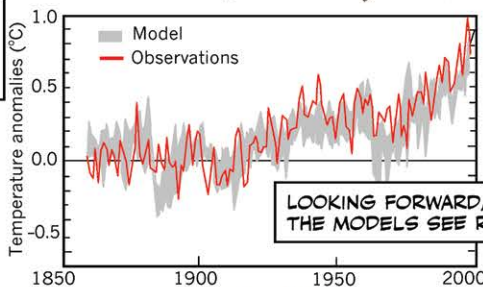
SUCH FORECASTS COME FROM COMPLEX CLIMATE SYSTEM MODELS, WHICH DIVIDE THE GLOBE INTO MILLIONS OF CELLS ...



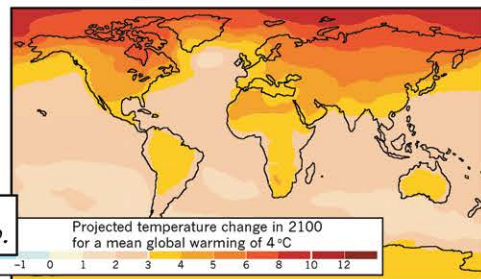
... AND SIMULATE THE ATMOSPHERE, OCEANS AND BIOSPHERE IN 3D.



RESEARCHERS HAVE CONFIDENCE IN THEIR MODELS BECAUSE THEY CAN REPRODUCE FEATURES OF PAST AND CURRENT CLIMATES.



LOOKING FORWARD, THE MODELS SEE RED.



ALTHOUGH SCIENTISTS AGREED HUMANS WERE WARMING THE PLANET, SOME POLITICIANS DENIED THAT FACT.

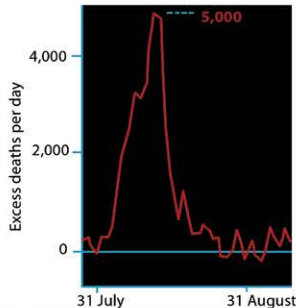
"WITH ALL OF THE HYSTERIA, ALL OF THE FEAR, ALL OF THE PHONY SCIENCE, COULD IT BE THAT MAN-MADE GLOBAL WARMING IS THE GREATEST HOAX EVER PERPETRATED ON THE AMERICAN PEOPLE?" - US SENATOR JAMES INHOFE, 2003

2003
CO₂ 376 p.p.m.

OTHER POLITICIANS DEFENDED CLIMATE SCIENCE.

"WE SHOULD INVESTIGATE THE WELL-FUNDED EFFORT BY CERTAIN OIL COMPANIES TO MANUFACTURE CONTROVERSY AND CAST DOUBT ON THE REALITY OF GLOBAL WARMING." - US REPRESENTATIVE HENRY WAXMAN, 2006

IN 2003, EUROPE SUFFERED A PROLONGED HEAT WAVE THAT KILLED AN ESTIMATED 70,000 PEOPLE.



THE IMPACTS WERE GETTING CLEARER. THE IPCC DECLARED IN 2007: "WARMING OF THE CLIMATE SYSTEM IS UNEQUIVOCAL."



LATER THAT YEAR, THE IPCC WAS AWARDED THE NOBEL PEACE PRIZE FOR ITS EFFORTS.

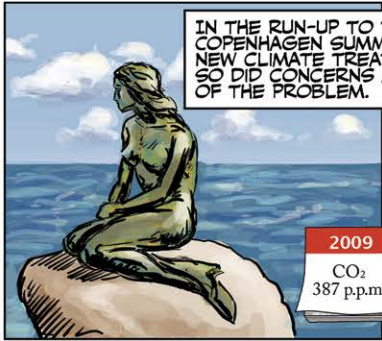


WHILE THE SCIENCE RACED AHEAD, THE NEGOTIATIONS DRAGGED ON. NATIONS MET IN BALI IN DECEMBER 2007.

FOR THE FIRST TIME, DEVELOPING NATIONS AGREED TO "MITIGATION ACTIONS" OF THEIR OWN CHOOSING TO LIMIT CLIMATE CHANGE.

THE TALKS WERE SO FRACTIOUS THAT AT ONE POINT, THE CHAIRMAN BROKE DOWN IN TEARS. BUT A DEADLINE WAS SET FOR A TREATY IN 2009 THAT WOULD INCLUDE NEW COMMITMENTS BY DEVELOPED COUNTRIES.

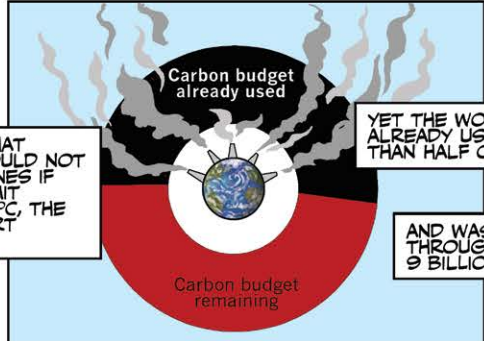
AND PARTICIPANTS DECIDED THE NEXT TREATY WOULD ADDRESS DEFORESTATION.



IN THE RUN-UP TO THE 2009 COPENHAGEN SUMMIT, HOPES FOR A NEW CLIMATE TREATY SURGED, BUT SO DID CONCERNS ABOUT THE SCALE OF THE PROBLEM.

2009
CO₂
387 p.p.m.

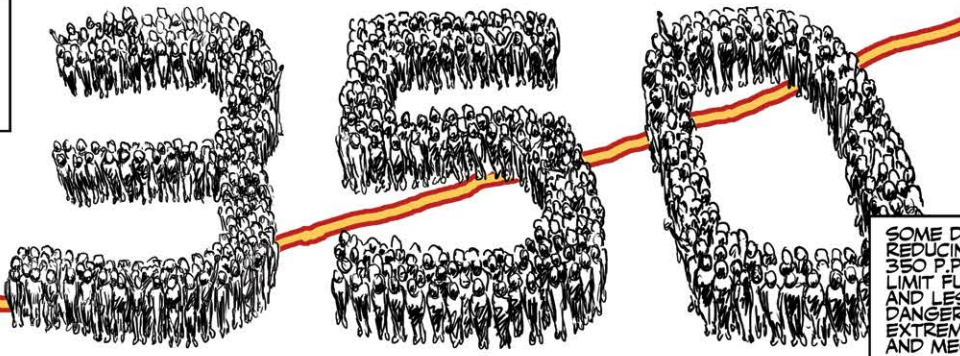
STUDIES SUGGESTED THAT CARBON EMISSIONS SHOULD NOT EXCEED 1 TRILLION TONNES IF NATIONS WANTED TO LIMIT GLOBAL WARMING TO 2°C, THE GOAL THAT WOULD AVERT CATASTROPHIC CHANGE.



YET THE WORLD HAD ALREADY USED UP MORE THAN HALF OF THAT BUDGET.

AND WAS BURNING THROUGH THE REST AT 9 BILLION TONNES A YEAR.

IN 2009, ACTIVISTS ORGANIZED DEMONSTRATIONS AROUND THE WORLD TO PUSH FOR TIGHTER EMISSIONS CAPS.



2014 CO₂
concentration
399 p.p.m.

1959 CO₂
concentration
316 p.p.m.

SOME DEMANDED REDUCING CO₂ LEVELS TO 350 P.P.M., WHICH WOULD LIMIT FUTURE WARMING AND LESSEN THE RISKS OF DANGEROUS IMPACTS LIKE EXTREME SEA-LEVEL RISE AND MEGA-DROUGHTS.



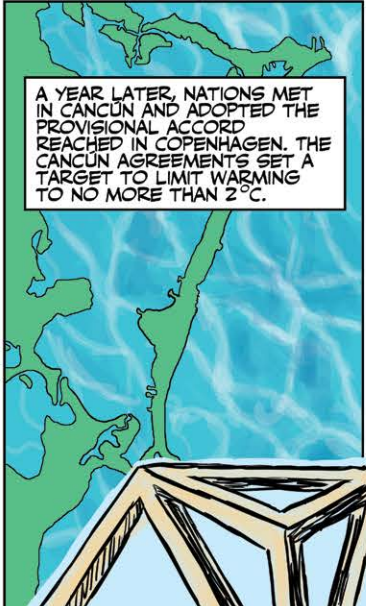
DESPITE THE FRENZY OF ATTENTION, THE COPENHAGEN NEGOTIATIONS FAILED TO DELIVER A TREATY.

WESTERN NATIONS BLAMED CHINA FOR BLOCKING SUBSTANTIVE EMISSIONS LIMITS.

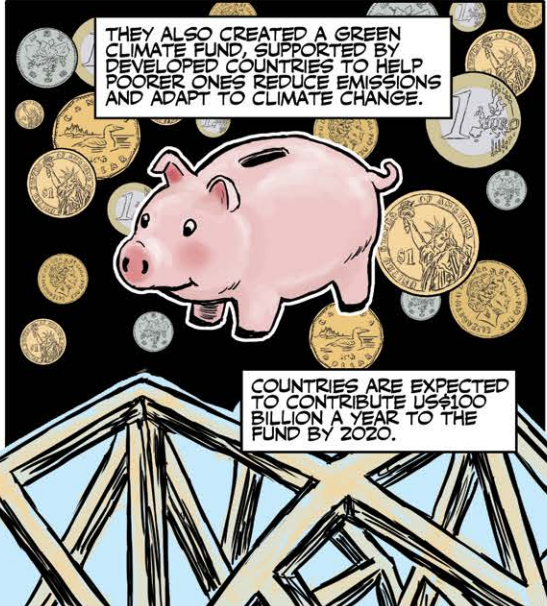
DEVELOPING COUNTRIES CHARGED THAT THEY HAD BEEN LEFT OUT OF CRUCIAL DISCUSSIONS.



A COMPROMISE WAS BROKERED BY A HANDFUL OF MAJOR EMITTERS, BUT IT WAS SO CONTROVERSIAL THAT MUCH OF THE WORLD DIDN'T ACCEPT IT.



A YEAR LATER, NATIONS MET IN CANCUN AND ADOPTED THE PROVISIONAL ACCORD REACHED IN COPENHAGEN. THE CANCUN AGREEMENTS SET A TARGET TO LIMIT WARMING TO NO MORE THAN 2°C.



THEY ALSO CREATED A GREEN CLIMATE FUND, SUPPORTED BY DEVELOPED COUNTRIES TO HELP POORER ONES REDUCE EMISSIONS AND ADAPT TO CLIMATE CHANGE.

COUNTRIES ARE EXPECTED TO CONTRIBUTE US\$100 BILLION A YEAR TO THE FUND BY 2020.



AND FOR THE FIRST TIME, ALL COUNTRIES AGREED TO REDUCE EMISSIONS ACCORDING TO THEIR DIFFERENT RESPONSIBILITIES AND CAPACITIES.

AS THE NEGOTIATIONS HAVE CRAWLED ALONG, THE WORLD HAS HURTTLED THROUGH CHANGES.

IN OCTOBER 2011, THE GLOBAL POPULATION TOPPED 7 BILLION PEOPLE.

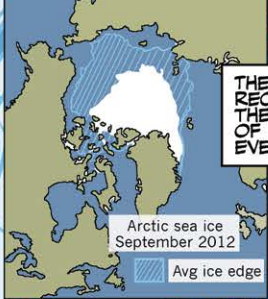
A HEAT WAVE IN RUSSIA IN 2010 KILLED ROUGHLY 55,000 PEOPLE AND STOKED WILDFIRES ACROSS THE COUNTRY.



IN 2012, 97% OF THE GREENLAND ICE SHEET SHOWED SIGNS OF MELTING - THE FIRST TIME SUCH AN EXTENSIVE AREA HAD THAWED.



NOVEMBER 2013: SUPERSTORM HAIYAN BECAME THE STRONGEST ON RECORD TO MAKE LANDFALL WHEN IT SLAMMED INTO THE PHILIPPINES WITH WINDS OF 315 KILOMETRES PER HOUR.



THE ARCTIC SEA SET A RECORD IN 2012 FOR THE LEAST AMOUNT OF ICE COVERAGE EVER DOCUMENTED.



AT CLIMATE TALKS IN 2013, PHILIPPINE DELEGATE NADERIV SANO BROKE DOWN OVER HIS COUNTRY'S DEVASTATION AND THE LACK OF PROGRESS IN NEGOTIATIONS.

"BY FAILING TO MEET THE OBJECTIVE OF THE CONVENTION, WE MAY HAVE RATIFIED THE DOOM OF VULNERABLE COUNTRIES."

9 MAY 2013: DAILY ATMOSPHERIC MEASUREMENTS OF CO₂ AT A STATION IN HAWAII TOPPED 400 P.P.M. FOR THE FIRST TIME IN, PERHAPS, MILLIONS OF YEARS.

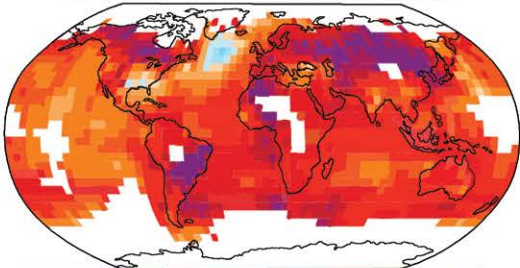


JAMES HANSEN, WHO HAD SOUNDED THE ALARM OVER GLOBAL WARMING, WAS ARRESTED SEVERAL TIMES FOR PROTESTS OVER THE PROPOSED KEystone XL PIPELINE.

2014: CHINA OVERTOOK THE EUROPEAN UNION IN PER CAPITA EMISSIONS OF CO₂.



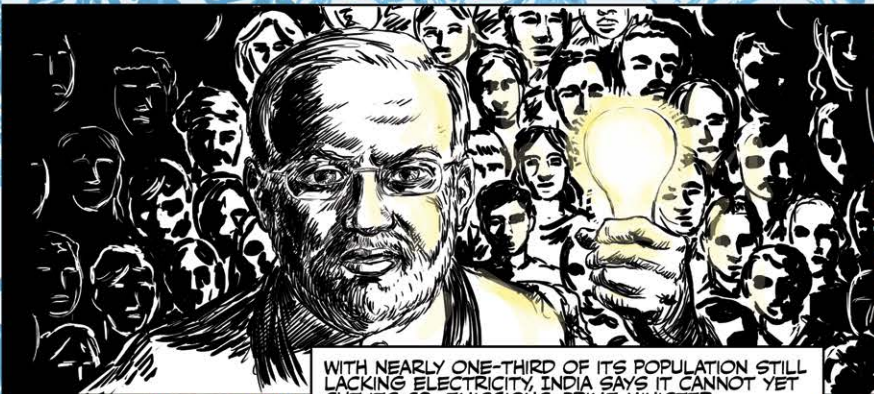
Observed change in surface temperature 1901-2012



-0.6 -0.4 -0.2 0 0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8 1.0 1.25 1.5 1.75 2.5

IN SEPTEMBER 2013, THE IPCC REPORTED THAT "HUMAN INFLUENCE ON THE CLIMATE SYSTEM IS CLEAR."

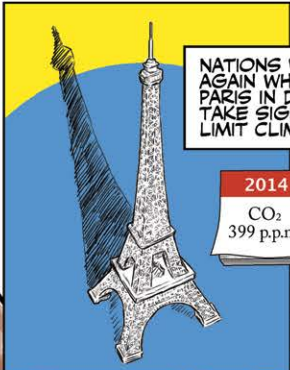
THE US AND CHINA BROKERED A HISTORIC CLIMATE DEAL IN NOVEMBER 2014. THE US PLEDGED TO CUT GREENHOUSE-GAS EMISSIONS 26-28% BELOW 2005 LEVELS BY 2025. CHINA SAID ITS EMISSIONS WOULD PEAK AROUND 2030.



WITH NEARLY ONE-THIRD OF ITS POPULATION STILL LACKING ELECTRICITY, INDIA SAYS IT CANNOT YET CUT ITS CO₂ EMISSIONS. PRIME MINISTER NARENDRA MODI'S GOVERNMENT PLEDGED TO SUBSTANTIALLY INCREASE ENERGY EFFICIENCY.

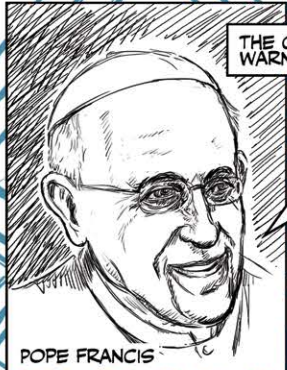
THESE BECAME THE BASIS FOR WHAT THE TWO COUNTRIES SUBMITTED TO THE UNFCCC AS THEIR PROPOSED EMISSIONS TARGETS IN ADVANCE OF THE PARIS SUMMIT. SO FAR, MORE THAN 160 COUNTRIES HAVE SUBMITTED THEIR PLEDGES.

2014 SET THE RECORD AS THE HOTTEST YEAR EVER RECORDED FOR GLOBAL LAND AND SEA SURFACE TEMPERATURES.



NATIONS WILL FACE A TEST AGAIN WHEN THEY MEET IN PARIS IN DECEMBER: CAN THEY TAKE SIGNIFICANT STEPS TO LIMIT CLIMATE CHANGE?

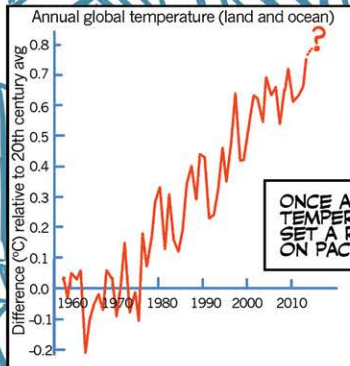
2014
CO₂
399 p.p.m.



POPE FRANCIS

THE CALLS FOR ACTION - AND THE WARNING SIGNS - GROW STRONGER.

"CLIMATE CHANGE IS A GLOBAL PROBLEM WITH GRAVE IMPLICATIONS... IT REPRESENTS ONE OF THE PRINCIPAL CHALLENGES FACING HUMANITY IN OUR DAY."



ONCE AGAIN, GLOBAL TEMPERATURES WILL SET A RECORD. 2015 IS ON PACE TO TOP 2014.



CHRISTIANA FIGUERES, EXECUTIVE SECRETARY OF THE UNFCCC

"ALTHOUGH WE'RE MOVING IN THE RIGHT DIRECTION, IT IS CLEARLY NOT ENOUGH."

FIRES IN INDONESIA RAVAGED THE COUNTRY AND PUMPED HALF A BILLION TONNES OF CARBON INTO THE AIR, MORE THAN JAPAN PRODUCES IN A YEAR.



THE PARIS PLEDGES WILL PROBABLY LIMIT WARMING TO BELOW 3°C. BUT MUCH STRONGER ACTION IS NEEDED TO STAY UNDER 2°C. COUNTRIES WILL PROBABLY BLOW THROUGH THE TRILLION-TONNE CARBON BUDGET BEFORE 2040.

CO₂ CONTINUES TO THICKEN THE SKIES. CONCENTRATIONS MAY NEVER AGAIN DROP BELOW 400 P.P.M.



EVEN IF GLOBAL WARMING DOES NOT PASS 2°C, THE WORLD MIGHT STILL FACE CALAMITOUS IMPACTS, LIKE PARTS OF THE ANTARCTIC ICE SHEET SLIDING INTO THE OCEAN WITHIN A FEW CENTURIES.



THE WORLD HAS COME A LONG WAY SINCE KYOTO. THIS YEAR, ALL COUNTRIES ARE SETTING THEIR OWN GOALS, WHICH MAY MAKE THE TARGETS MORE REALISTIC. AND NATIONS MAY AGREE TO STEP UP THEIR COMMITMENTS PERIODICALLY.

THE FRAMEWORK TO FIX THE PLANET IS COMING TOGETHER BUT IT IS FRAGILE AND FAR TOO SMALL. THE JOB OF FINISHING THE TASK WILL FALL TO FUTURE GENERATIONS.

THE FRAGILE FRAMEWORK

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For more on the Paris climate talks,
see: nature.com/parisclimate